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**State Department review completed** 

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### SUMMARY

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2	. French Foreign	Office takes pessimistic view of Far Eastern situation:
		In recent talks with French Foreign Office offi-
		cials, US Embassy representatives have dis- covered "little optimism" with regard to the
	perate casting ar	Kaesong armistice negotiations and much "descound" for a solution in Indochina. While the French atti-
	tude toward recog	gnition of the Chinese Communist regime and its admission of changed, considerable political pressure is building up fo
	negotiations look	ing to a settlement of all Far Eastern questions in the
, Y.	nowever, view the	ssful outcome of the Kaesong talks. Foreign Office official ese talks as part of the Soviet peace offensive and expect
	them to be broker advantage.	n off once the USSR has achieved maximum propaganda
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The Foreign Office is particularly gloomy about the situation in Indochina, "where France continues to pour out men and money" with no end in sight. There is some feeling that the US position on Formosa blocks the possibility of a general political settlement in the Far East and that the French Government has nothing to offer the Chinese Communists in return for a guarantee against intervention in Indochina.

Comment: The weakness of the new French Government, resentment against the inflexibility of US policies aimed at containing the USSR, and fear of worsening internal economic conditions resulting from increasing inflationary pressures form a background to the pessimism of the Foreign Office.

#### FAR EAST

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South China.

## Communist threat to Indochina seen unabated:

the US Legation in Saigon warns that a prudent estimate of the situation would indicate that the Viet Minh, with the close cooperation of Communist China, is preparing for a major effort. In support of this view, the legation cites several current reports indicating increased Chinese Communist interest in Viet Minh fortunes, as well as the Peiping propaganda charge that 35,000 Chinese Nationalist internees in Indochina have been equipped and trained and are now poised on the border for an invasion of

Despite the present lull in hostilities in Indochina,

Comment: The rainy season in the Tonkin delta area, which will continue through September, accounts for the present lull in hostilities. Despite heavy losses suffered by the Viet Minh earlier this year and a few ambiguous Communist references to a negotiated peace in

Indochina, available evidence supports the US Legation's estimate.

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	it will not wait until the We critical period will be 1953 centers near danger points	2. The US should buil	to substantiate his id:  R is not yet ready: f preparedness in 1 d up armament pro	phasized request for war, 954. The duction
	moved from the likely scen	ne of conflict."	and other areas	ar re-
	internal collapse of the Yustension between Yugoslavia cidents to accomplish these months. These incidents co	a and the Satellites. So so objectives have incre	condary aim is to m Satellite-provoked be eased greatly during	naintain order in- the past two
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into war. Prompt US military aid to Yugoslavia would reduce this possibility.

c) Titoism will increase in the Satellites in proportion to the deterioration in the Satellite standard of living as compared with that of Yugoslavia. Any weakening of Yugoslavia's standard of living will adversely affect the progress of Titoism in the Satellites.

Comment: The interview was apparently designed to stress the points that would be effective in securing speedy aid for Yugoslavia without committing Tito to any definite action.

#### WESTERN EUROPE

25X1A	8. French doubtful of ability to contain inflation and maintain rearmament program:
	Because of their rapidly deteriorating dollar reserve, the French have become concerned about proceeding with the expanded import policy on which former Finance Minister Petsche based
	his anti-inflation program. Although Cabinet views differ on the subject, the government will probably use available reserves to continue an expanded level of imports and to maintain the present level of military effort, until new US-French talks can be held to reassess US aid for French rearmament.
	Comment: The French dollar trade balance, although better than a year ago, is still quite unfavorable to France. More-over, the French position will probably be aggravated in 1952 due to an expected drop in current abnormally high steel and sugar exports. The French expectation of financing an expanded import program was based on a misunder standing of the extent of HS commitments and the last of the extent of HS commitments.
	understanding of the extent of US commitments undertaken in the October 1950 talks on US aid. Both ECA and Paris Embassy officials have frequently stressed the urgency of additional support if France is to carry out its military commitments.

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